

If an evacuation is necessary, how will employees exit your facility?

- Proper signage depicting exits and exit routes is mandated by the International Building Code (IBC) and the Occupational Safety and Health Administration.
- Use the facility audit checklist to uncover potential gaps in your safety plan that should be promptly addressed.
- Be sure to work with your Local Fire Authority to ensure that your business is fully compliant with the fire inspector's interpretation of the regulations.

Regulations

- NFPA 101 Life Safety Code
- OSHA 29 CFR Part 1910.33 1910.39 Exit Routes, Emergency Action Plans & Fire Prevention Plans
- OSHA 29 CFR 1910.157 Fire Extinguishers

The following items represent components of a Best-Practices Exit Strategy:

Exits and Exit Pathways

Each final exit door leading outdoors is marked with an "EXIT" sign that is UL listed.	<exit> EXIT NOT AN EXIT</exit>
Each exit sign is in good condition and adequately illuminated.	
Each doorway or passage in the exit route that is not an exit door is marked by a sign "NOT AN EXIT" or a sign indicating its actual use.	
Where an exit cannot be seen from all directions when standing, exit routes are clearly marked with a sign every 100 feet from the exit.	
Directional signs that appear in exit routes are clearly not obscured and visible at all times from all locations.	
Aisles and passageways are kept clear and free of obstructions that could	



Alarms and Procedures Emergency exit maps are displayed in prominent locations. Evacuation Procedure signs are posted for easy reference. Signs indicating the locations of Sprinkler Valves are posted for emergency personnel. Emergency Flashlight Centers providing access to flashlights in dark conditions. Emergency Information Centers containing written fire prevention and emergency action plans and are available to all employees. Alert employees of an emergency with alarm signals that are distinct and recognized by all employees. Fire alarms are identified by a prominent "Fire Alarm" sign above the alarm. Post-Evacuation Assembly and Shelter-In-Place **EVACUATIO SEVERE** The locations of designated assembly areas have been identified and ASSEMBLY WEATHER communicated to employees. AREA Signs are posted outside of the facility indicating evacuation assembly areas. SHELTER The locations of safe shelters have been identified and communicated **AREA** to employees. The appropriate signage is used to identify safe shelters. Safe shelters are stocked with emergency supplies, including a first-aid kit, flashlights and batteries, nonperishable food and bottled water. **Portable Fire Extinguishers** Portable Fire Extinguishers are located throught the facility, and authorized employees are trained annually in the general principals of fire **USE ON** LIQUIDS extinguisher use. **ELECTRICAL** Fire Extinguishers are mounted on brackets or in wall cabinets with the **EQUIPMENT** carrying handle placed 3-1/2 to 5 feet above the floor. **USE ON** COMBUSTIBLE Clearly visible signs are placed above the fire extinguishers to readily **METALS** identify them from a distance. The most common type of workplace fire Display critical status and inspection updates with fire extinguisher tags to extinguisher is the ABC fire extinguisher ensure your extinguisher is in working order.

The most common type of workplace fire extinguisher is the ABC fire extinguisher which can be used to control Class A, B, or C fires. These fire extinguishers are designed to extinguish fires from commonplace combustibles such as wood, paper, textiles, and rubbish; flammable liquids; and electrical equipment.



Visually inspect monthly.

Perform monthly maintenance.